

**LAB MANUAL
FOR
DATA STRUCTURE USING C LAB**



Computer Science and Engineering

PROGRAM NO.1

Aim:- To search an element in the array using Linear Search.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[10],i,item,flag=0;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the data in the
array"); for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter the element to be
searched"); scanf("%d",&item);
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        if(item==a[i])
        {
            flag=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(flag==0)
        printf("Element Not
Found"); else
        printf("Element Found at Position
=%d",i); getch();
}
```

PROGRAM NO.2

Aim:- To search an element in the 2-dimensional array using Linear Search.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[3][3],i,j,item,flag=0;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the data in the
array"); for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<3;j++)
            +
        {
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("Enter the element to be
searched"); scanf("%d",&item);
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
            if(item==a[i][j])
            {
                flag=1;
                printf("Element found at position =%d,%d",i,j);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }  
    if(flag==0)  
        printf("Element Not Found");  
  
getch();
```

}

PROGRAM NO.3

Aim:- To merge two sorted array into one sorted array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[10],b[10],c[20],i,j,k,n,m,t;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter size of Array A\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the data in Array A\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter size of Array B\n");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    printf("Enter the data in Array B\n");
    for(j=0;j<m;j++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&b[j]);
    }
    i=j=k=0;
    while(i<n&&j<m)
    {
        if(a[i]<b[j])
            c[k++]=a[i++];
    }
}
```

```
else
if(a[i]>=b[j]
)
c[k++]=b[j++];
}
```

```
if(i<n
)
{
    for(t=0;t<n;t++)
        c[k++]=a[i++];

}
else
{
    for(t=0;t<m;t++)
        c[k++]=b[j++];

}
printf("\n");
for(k=0;k<(m+n);k++)
    printf("\n %d ",c[k]);
getch();
}
```

PROGRAM NO.4

Aim:- To perform the following operation in Matrix

- 1. Addition 2. Subtraction 3. Multiplication 4. Transpose**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[3][3],b[3][3],c[3][3],d[3][3],i,j,k;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the data in Matrix A");
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("Enter the data in Matrix B");
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
            scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
        }
    }
}
```

```
 }  
for(i=0;i<3;i++)  
{  
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
```

```
{  
    c[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];  
}  
}  
printf("Addition of two Matrix A and B  
is\n"); for(i=0;i<3;i++)  
{  
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)  
    {  
        printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
}  
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)  
{  
        for(j=0;j<3;j++)  
        {  
            c[i][j]=a[i][j]-b[i][j];  
        }  
    }  
printf("Subtraction of two Matrix A and B  
is\n"); for(i=0;i<3;i++)  
{  
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)  
    {  
        printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
}  
printf("Transpose of Matrix C is\n");  
for(i=0;i<3;i++)  
{  
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)  
    {  
        d[j][i]=c[i][j];  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

```
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
for(j=0;j<3;j++)
{
printf("%d\t",d[i][j]);
}
printf("\n");
}

printf("Multiplication of Matrix A and B is\n");

for(i=0;i<3;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    {
        c[i][j]=0
        ;
        for(k=0;k<3;k++)
        {
            c[i][j]=c[i][j]+a[i][k]*b[k][j];
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
            printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
getch()
;
}
```

PROGRAM NO.5

Aim:- To perform the swapping of two numbers using call by value and call by reference.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void
swapbyvalue(int,int);
void
swapbyref(int*,int*);
void main()
{
    int a,b;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the two
numbers");
    scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
    swapbyvalue(a,b);
    swapbyref(&a,&b);
    printf("\nNumber after swapping by
Reference\n"); printf("\na=%d\nb=%d",a,b);
    getch();
}
void swapbyvalue(int x, int y)
{
    int
    temp;
    temp=x
    ; x=y;
```

```

y=temp;
printf("\nNumbers after swapping by value
are\n"); printf("a=%d",x);
printf("\nb=%d",y);
}
void swapbyref(int *x,int *y)
{
    int temp;
    temp=*x
    ;
    *x=*y;
    *y=temp;
}

```

PROGRAM NO.6

Aim:- To perform following operation on strings using string functions
1. Addition 2. Copying 3. Reverse 4. Length of String.

```

#include<conio.h
>
#include<stdio.h
>
#include<string.h
> void main()
{
    char
    a[20],b[20],c[20]; int
    l;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the First
String"); scanf("%s",&a);
    printf("Enter the Second
String"); scanf("%s",&b);
    strcat(a,b);

```

```
printf("\nConcatenation of String a and b  
is:%s",a); l=strlen(a);  
printf("\nLength of String is  
%d",l); strcpy(c,a);  
printf("\nthe Copied String is  
%s",c); strrev(a);
```

```
    printf("\nreverse of String is %s",a);

    getch();
}
```

PROGRAM NO.7 (a)

Aim:- To search an element in the array using Iterative Binary Search.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int
    a[20],n,mid,beg,i,end,item,loc=-1;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number of elements to be
entered\n"); scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the elements in ascending
order"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter the element to be
searched"); scanf("%d",&item);
    beg=0;
    end=n-
    1;
    while(beg<=end)
```

```

{
    mid=(beg+end)/2;
    if(item==a[mid])
    {
        loc=mid
        ; break;
    }
    else
    if(a[mid]<item)
        beg=mid+1;
    else
        end=mid-
    1;
}
if(loc==-1)
printf("Element Not
Present"); else
printf("Element found at
=%d",loc); getch();
}

```

PROGRAM NO.7 (b)

Aim: - To search an element in the array using Recursive Binary Search.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void binary(int
[],int,int); void main()
{
    int
    a[20],i,n,item;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number of items in the
array"); scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter the data in
array"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)

```

```
{  
scanf("%d",&a[i]);  
}  
printf("Enter the element to be searched");
```

```
scanf("%d",&item);

binary(a,n,item);
getch();
}

void binary(int a[],int n,int item)
{
int beg,end,mid,loc=-
1; beg=0;
end=n-1;
while(beg<=end)
{
    mid=(beg+end)/2;
    if(item==a[mid])
    {
        loc=mid
        ; break;
    }

else if(item>a[mid])
    beg=mid+1
    ; else
    end=mid-
    1;
}
if(loc== -1)
printf("Element not
Found"); else
printf("Element Found at position = %d",loc);
}
```

PROGRAM NO.8

Aim:- To implement Bubble Sort.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void bubble(int
[],int); void main()
{
    int
    a[20],i,n;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number of items in the
array"); scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the data in the
array"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    bubble(a,n);
    getch();
}
void bubble(int a[],int n)
{
    int i,temp,j,p;
    for(i=1;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(p=0;p<n-i;p++)
        {
            if(a[p]>a[p+1])
            {
                temp=a[p];
                a[p]=a[p+1];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        a[p+1]=tem
        p;
    }
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n%d",a[i])
);
}

```

PROGRAM NO.9

Aim: - To implement Selection Sort.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void select(int
[],int); void
bubble(int [],int); int
min(int [],int,int);

void main()
{
    int
    a[20],i,n;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number of items in the array");

    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the data in the
array"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
}
bubble(a,n);
select(a,n);
getch();
}

```

```

void bubble(int a[],int n)
{
    int i,temp,p;
    for(i=1;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(p=0;p<n-i;p++)
        {
            if(a[p]>a[p+1])
            {
                temp=a[p];
                a[p]=a[p+1];
                a[p+1]=temp;
                p;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("\nData After Bubble
Sort"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n%d",a[i]);
}

void select(int a[],int n)
{
    int
    i,loc,temp;
    loc=0;
    temp=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        loc=min(a,i,n);
        temp=a[loc];

        a[loc]=a[i]
        ;
        a[i]=temp;
    }
    printf("\nData After Selection

```

```
Sort"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n%d",a[i]);
}
```

```
int min(int a[],int lb,int ub)
{
    int m=lb;
    while(lb<ub)
    {
        if(a[lb]<a[m])
        {
            m=lb;
        }
        lb++;
    }
}
```

```
    return m;  
}
```

PROGRAM NO.10

Aim:- To implement Insertion Sort.

```
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
  
void insert(int  
[],int); void main()  
{  
    int a[20],i,n;  
  
    clrscr();  
    printf("Enter the number of items in the  
array"); scanf("%d",&n);  
    printf("Enter the data in the  
array"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
    {  
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);  
    }  
    insert(a,n);  
    getch();  
}  
  
void insert(int a[],int n)  
{  
    int i,j,temp;
```

```

for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
    temp=a[i];
    for(j=i-1;j>=0;j--)
    {
        if(a[j]>temp)
        {
            a[j+1]=a[j];
        }
        else
            break;
    }
    a[j+1]=temp;
}
printf("Data After Insertion
Sort"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n%d",a[i]);
}

```

PROGRAM NO.11

Aim:- To implement Quick Sort.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>

void
quicksort(int[],int,int);
int partition(int [],int,int);

void main()
{
    int
    a[20],i,n;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the size of

```

```
array"); scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter the elements in the
array"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
}
quicksort(a,0,n-
1);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n%d",a[i]
); getch();
}
```

```
void quicksort(int a[],int lb,int ub)
{
    int mid;
    if(lb<ub)
    {
        mid=partition(a,lb,u
b);
        quicksort(a,lb,mid-
1);
        quicksort(a,mid+1,ub)
        ;
    }
}
```

```
int partition(int a[],int lb,int ub)
{
    int
    i,p,q,t;
    p=lb+1;
    q=ub;
    i=a[lb];
```

```

while(q>=p)

    while(a[p]<i
        ) p++;
    while(a[q]>i)
        q--;
    if(q>p)
    {
        t=a[p];
        a[p]=a[q]
        ; a[q]=t;
    }
}

t=a[lb];
a[lb]=a[q]
; a[q]=t;
return q;
}

```

PROGRAM NO.12

Aim:- To implement Merge Sort.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void mergesort(int
a[],int,int); void merge(int
[],int,int,int); void main()
{
    int
    a[20],i,n;
    clrscr();

```

```
printf("Enter the number of
elements"); scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter the
elements");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
scanf("%d",&a[i]);
}
mergesort(a,0,n-1);
printf("Data After Merge
Sort"); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n%d",a[i]);
getch();
}
void mergesort(int a[],int lb,int ub)
{
    int mid;
    if(lb<ub)
    {
        mid=(lb+ub)/2;
        mergesort(a,lb,mid);
        mergesort(a,mid+1,ub);
        merge(a,lb,mid+1,ub);
    }
}

void merge(int a[],int lb,int mid,int ub)
{
    int
    k,p1,p2,p3,b[20];
    p1=lb;
    p3=lb;
    p2=mid;
    while((p1<mid)&&(p2<=ub))
    {
        if(a[p1]<=a[p2])
```

```

        b[p3++]=a[p1++];
    else
        b[p3++]=a[p2++];
    };
}

while(p1<mid)
{
    b[p3++]=a[p1++];
}
while(p2<=ub)
{
    b[p3++]=a[p2++];
}
for(k=lb;k<p3;k++)
{
    a[k]=b[k];
}
}

```

PROGRAM NO.13

Aim:- To implement Stack using array.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>

void push();
void pop();

```

```
void
display();

int top;
int
a[5];

void main()
{
    int
    choice;
    char ch;
    top=-1;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        printf("\n\t 1. PUSH");
        printf("\n\t 2. POP");
        printf("\n\t 3. DISPLAY");
        printf("\n\t 4. EXIT");
        printf("\nEnter your
choice");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case
            1:
                push()
                ;
                break;
            case
            2:
                pop();
                break;

            case 3:
                display();
        }
    }
}
```

```
break;
case 4:
exit(0);
default:
printf("\nBAD CHOICE");
}
printf("\ndo you want to continue
y/n"); ch=getche();
}
while(ch=='y');
}

void push()
{
    int item;
    if(top==4)
        printf("STACK IS FULL");
    else
    {
        printf("Enter the item to be
        inserted"); scanf("%d",&item);
        top=top+1;
        a[top]=item;
        //top=tope;
    }
}

void pop()
{
    int item;
    if(top==-
    1)
        printf("STACK IS EMPTY");
    else
    {
```

```
    item=a[top
]; top=top-
1;
printf("%d is deleted",item);
//top=tope;
}

void display()
{
    int i;
    for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
)
printf("\n%d",a[i]);
}
```

PROGRAM NO.14

Aim:- To implement Queue using array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>

void insert();
void delet();
void
display(); int
front,rear; int
q[5];

void main()
{
    int
    choice;
    char ch;
    front=-1;
    rear=-1;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        printf("\n\t 1. INSERT");
        printf("\n\t 2. DELETE");
        printf("\n\t 3. DISPLAY");
        printf("\n\t 4. EXIT");
        printf("\nEnter your
choice");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1:
```

```
insert();
break;
case 2:
delet();
break;
```

```
case 3:  
    display()  
    ; break;  
case 4:  
    exit(0);  
default:  
    printf("\nBAD CHOICE");  
}  
printf("\ndo you want to continue  
y/n"); ch=getche();  
}  
while(ch=='y'||'Y');  
}  
  
void insert()  
{  
    int item;  
    if(((front==1)&&(rear==5))||(front==rear+1)  
    )  
    {  
        printf("QUEUE IS FULL");  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        printf("Enter the  
        element");  
        scanf("%d",&item);  
        if(front==-1)  
        {  
            front=1;  
            rear=1;  
        }  
        else if(rear==5)  
        {  
        }  
        else  
        {
```

```
    rear=0;  
}  
  
rear=rear+1;  
q[rear]=item;
```

```
    }

}

void delet()
{
    int item;
    if(front==-
1)
{
    printf("QUEUE IS EMPTY");
}
else
{
    item=q[front]
    ;
    if(front==rear)
    {
        front=-
1;
        rear=-1;
    }
    else if(front==5)
    {
        front=0;
    }
    else
        front=front+1;
    printf("%d is deleted",item);
}
}

void display()
{
    int i;
    if(front==-
1)
```

```
printf("QUEUE IS EMPTY");
else
{
for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)
{
printf("\n%d",q[i]);
}}
```

}

PROGRAM NO.15

Aim:- To implement Linked List.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<alloc.h>
#include<process.h>

struct node
{
    int info;
    struct node *next;
};

struct node *start=NULL;

void ins();
void
ins_at_beg ();
void
ins_at_mid();
void
ins_at_end();
void del();
void
del_at_beg();
void
del_at_mid();
void
del_at_end();
void display();
int count();

void main()
{
```

```
int
ch=0,i=0,cnt;
clrscr();
while(1)
{
    printf("*****menu*****"
    ); printf("\n1.insert");

    printf("\n2.delete");
```

```
printf("\n3.display");
printf("\n4.count");
printf("\n5.exit");
printf ("\nEnter your choice :
"); scanf("%d",&ch);

switch(ch)
{
    case 1:ins();
    break;
    case 2:del();
    break;
    case
    3:display();
    break;
    case 4:cnt=count();
        printf("\n the no of nodes : %d\n",cnt);
    break;
    case 5:exit(1);

}
}

void ins()
{
    int j=0,ch1=0;
    printf("\nEnter your choice");
    printf("\n1.insert at the
begning"); printf("\n2.insert at
the middle"); printf("\n3.insert
at the end"); scanf
("%d",&ch1);
    switch(ch1)
    {
        case
        1:ins_at_beg();
        break;
        case
        2:ins_at_mid();
```

```
        break;
    case 3:ins_at_end();

    }
void ins_at_beg()
{
```

```
int info;
struct node *t=(struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
printf("\nEnter information to be inserted in the
beginning"); scanf("%d",&info);
t->info=info;
t->next=start;
start=t;
}
void ins_at_mid()
{
    int inform,x,i;
    struct node *t=(struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    struct node *p=start;
    printf("\nEnter the location after which new node to be added");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    for(i=1;i<x;i++)
        p=p->next;
    printf("\nEnter information of the new
node"); scanf("%d",&inform);
    t->info=inform;
    t->next=p-
    >next; p-
    >next=t;
}

void ins_at_end()
{
    int inform1;
    struct node *t=(struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    struct node *p=start;

    printf("\nEnter information to be
added"); scanf("%d",&inform1);
    t->info=inform1;
    while(p-
    >next!=NULL)
        p=p->next;
```

```
p->next=t;
t->next=NULL;
}

void del()
{
    int k=0,ch2=0;
    printf("\nenter your
choice");
    printf("\n1.delete at the beggning");
```

```
printf("\n2.delete at the
middle"); printf("\n3.delete at
the end"); scanf ("%d",&ch2);
switch(ch2)
{
    case
    1:del_at_beg();
    break;
    case
    2:del_at_mid();
    break;
    case
    3:del_at_end();
    break;
}

void del_at_beg()
{
    struct node
    *t=start;
    start=start->next;
    free(t);
}

void del_at_mid()

{
    int n;
    struct node
    *cur=start; struct
    node *pre=start;
    printf("\nEnter information to be
deleted"); scanf("%d",&n);
    while(cur->info!=n)
    {
        pre=cur;
        cur=cur-
        >next;
```

```
        }
        pre->next=cur-
        >next; free(cur);
    }

void del_at_end()
{
    struct node *cur=start;
    struct node *pre=start;
    while(cur-
        >next!=NULL)
    {
```

```
    pre=cur;
    cur=cur-
    >next;
}
pre->next=NULL;
free(cur);
}
void display()
{
    struct node *p=start;
    printf("\n\n*****LINK
LIST*****\n\n"); while(p!=NULL)
{
    printf("%d\n",p-
    >info); p=p->next;
}

int
count()
{
    int c=0;
    struct node
    *q=start;
    while(q!=NULL)
    {
        q=q->next;
        c=c+1;
    }
    return c;
}
```